



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

**Product name:** DOWSIL™ DS-1000 Aqueous Silicone Cleaner

**Issue Date:** 02/18/2020

**Print Date:** 02/19/2020

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

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## 1. IDENTIFICATION

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**Product name:** DOWSIL™ DS-1000 Aqueous Silicone Cleaner

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

**Identified uses:** Cleaning/washing agents and additives

### COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY  
2211 H.H. DOW WAY  
MIDLAND MI 48674  
UNITED STATES

**Customer Information Number:**

800-258-2436  
SDSQuestion@dow.com

### EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** CHEMTREC +1 800-424-9300

**Local Emergency Contact:** 800-424-9300

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## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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### Hazard classification

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Skin corrosion - Category 1

Serious eye damage - Category 1

### Label elements

**Hazard pictograms**



Signal word: **DANGER!**

**Hazards**

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Precautionary statements****Prevention**

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response**

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Storage**

Store locked up.

**Disposal**

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**

No data available

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**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

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**Chemical nature:** Inorganic and organic compounds, Mixture

This product is a mixture.

<b>Component</b>	<b>CASRN</b>	<b>Concentration</b>
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	34590-94-8	>= 4.0 - <= 5.0 %
Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated	68439-45-2	>= 2.3 - <= 3.1 %
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	107-98-2	>= 2.0 - <= 2.8 %
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	68424-85-1	>= 0.9 - <= 1.3 %

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**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

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**Description of first aid measures**

**General advice:**

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; consult a physician.

**Skin contact:** Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur or irritation persists. Wash clothing before reuse. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be immediately available.

**Eye contact:** Wash immediately and continuously with flowing water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses after the first 5 minutes and continue washing. Obtain prompt medical consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:**

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Notes to physician:** Chemical eye burns may require extended irrigation. Obtain prompt consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

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## **5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

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### **Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Water spray. Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry chemical.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** None known..

### **Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

**Hazardous combustion products:** Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>). Chlorine compounds.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health..

### **Advice for firefighters**

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Use water spray to cool unopened containers.. Evacuate area.. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage..

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.. Use personal protective equipment..

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## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**Environmental precautions:** Do not release the product to the aquatic environment above defined regulatory levels. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Soak up with inert absorbent material. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements. See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

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## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

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**Precautions for safe handling:** Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. CONTAINERS MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTY. Since emptied containers retain product residue follow all (M)SDS and label warnings even after container is emptied. Use with local exhaust ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Organic peroxides. Explosives. Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

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## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

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### Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	Dow IHG	TWA	10 ppm
Further information: SKIN: Absorbed via skin			

	Dow IHG	STEL	30 ppm
	Further information: SKIN: Absorbed via skin		
	ACGIH	TWA	100 ppm
	Further information: CNS impair: Central Nervous System impairment; URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; eye irr: Eye irritation; Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption		
	ACGIH	STEL	150 ppm
	Further information: CNS impair: Central Nervous System impairment; URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; eye irr: Eye irritation; Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption		
	OSHA Z-1	TWA	600 mg/m3 100 ppm
	Further information: X: Skin designation; (b): The value in mg/m3 is approximate.		
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	ACGIH	TWA	50 ppm
	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; eye irr: Eye irritation; A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	ACGIH	STEL	100 ppm
	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; eye irr: Eye irritation; A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	OSHA P0	TWA	360 mg/m3 100 ppm
	OSHA P0	STEL	540 mg/m3 150 ppm

### Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

### Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use chemical goggles.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection:** Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Avoid gloves made of: Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. In misty atmospheres, use an approved particulate respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

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**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

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<b>Appearance</b>	
Physical state	liquid
Color	light yellow
<b>Odor</b>	characteristic
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	No data available
<b>pH</b>	13
<b>Melting point/range</b>	No data available
<b>Freezing point</b>	No data available
<b>Boiling point (760 mmHg)</b>	> 35 °C (> 95 °F)
<b>Flash point</b>	<b>closed cup</b> >100 °C (212 °F)
<b>Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)</b>	No data available
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not applicable
<b>Lower explosion limit</b>	No data available
<b>Upper explosion limit</b>	No data available
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	No data available
<b>Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)</b>	No data available
<b>Relative Density (water = 1)</b>	1.05
<b>Water solubility</b>	No data available
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	No data available
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	> 450 °C (> 842 °F)
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	No data available
<b>Dynamic Viscosity</b>	150 mPa.s
<b>Kinematic Viscosity</b>	No data available
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
<b>Molecular weight</b>	No data available
<b>Particle size</b>	Not applicable

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

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**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

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**Reactivity:** Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**Chemical stability:** Stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

**Conditions to avoid:** None known.

**Incompatible materials:** Acids Oxidizing agents

**Hazardous decomposition products**

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

**Information on likely routes of exposure**

Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact, Ingestion.

**Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)**

**Acute oral toxicity**

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Swallowing may result in irritation of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):  
LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg Estimated.

**Information for components:**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

Acute toxicity estimate, 500 mg/kg Expert judgement

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

LD50, Rat, 4,016 mg/kg

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**

LD50, Rat, 426 mg/kg

**Acute dermal toxicity**

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):  
LD50, Rabbit, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

**Information for components:**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

LD50, Rabbit, 9,510 mg/kg

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

LD50, Rabbit, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**

LD50, Rabbit, 3,412 mg/kg

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

Vapors are primarily water; single exposure is not likely to be hazardous. Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

**Information for components:**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

LC50, Rat, 7 Hour, vapour, 3.35 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due to low volatility; single exposure is not likely to be hazardous. Vapor from heated material or mist may cause respiratory irritation.

The LC50 has not been determined.

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

Brief exposure (minutes) is not likely to cause adverse effects. The odor is objectionable at 100 ppm; higher levels produce eye, nose, and throat irritation and are intolerable at 1000 ppm. Anesthetic effects are seen at or above 1000 ppm.

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, vapour, > 30.02 mg/l

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**

The LC50 has not been determined.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Based on information for component(s):

Brief contact may cause skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness and tissue damage.

**Information for components:**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

Prolonged exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation.

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

Brief contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.  
Repeated contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**



Brief contact may cause severe skin irritation with pain and local redness.  
Prolonged contact may cause skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness, swelling, and tissue damage.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Based on information for component(s):

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

**Information for components:**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.  
Corneal injury is unlikely.

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.  
Corneal injury is unlikely.

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

**Sensitization**

For skin sensitization:

No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Information for components:**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in humans.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

For skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

For skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Contains component(s) which are classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3.

**Information for components:**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Route of Exposure: Inhalation

Target Organs: Central nervous system

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Information for components:**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing tissue damage or lung injury.

**Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)**

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

Contains component(s) which have been reported to cause effects on the following organs in animals:

Kidney.

Liver.

Gastrointestinal tract.

Symptoms of excessive exposure may be anesthetic or narcotic effects; dizziness and drowsiness may be observed.

**Information for components:**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

Symptoms of excessive exposure may be anesthetic or narcotic effects; dizziness and drowsiness may be observed.

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

No relevant data found.

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

Symptoms of excessive exposure may be anesthetic or narcotic effects; dizziness and drowsiness may be observed.

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Kidney.

Liver.

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Gastrointestinal tract.

**Carcinogenicity**

No relevant data found.

**Information for components:**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

For similar material(s): Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

No relevant data found.

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**

No relevant data found.

**Teratogenicity**

Contains component(s) which, in laboratory animals, have been toxic to the fetus only at doses toxic to the mother.

**Information for components:**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

No relevant data found.

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Based on information for component(s): In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

**Information for components:**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

For similar material(s): In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

No relevant data found.

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

**Mutagenicity**

No relevant data found.

**Information for components:**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

No relevant data found.

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

**Toxicity**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

**Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).  
LC50, Poecilia reticulata (guppy), static test, 96 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, 1,919 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

LC50, Crangon crangon (shrimp), semi-static test, 96 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

LC50, copepod Acartia tonsa, static test, 48 Hour, 2,070 mg/l, ISO TC147/SC5/WG2

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 96 Hour, Biomass, > 969 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

**Toxicity to bacteria**

EC10, Pseudomonas putida, 18 Hour, 4,168 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), flow-through test, 22 d, > 0.5 mg/l

LOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), flow-through test, 22 d, > 0.5 mg/l

MATC (Maximum Acceptable Toxicant Level), Daphnia magna (Water flea), flow-through test, 22 d, > 0.5 mg/l

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, 96 Hour, > 10 - 100 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

EC50, 72 Hour, > 10 - 100 mg/l

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe), static test, 96 Hour, 6,812 mg/l, DIN 38412

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), semi-static test, 96 Hour, >= 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), static test, 96 Hour, 20,800 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, 21,100 - 25,900 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 7 d, Growth rate inhibition, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

**Toxicity to bacteria**

IC50, activated sludge, static test, > 1,000 mg/l

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), 96 Hour, 0.28 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 0.016 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

ErC50, Algae, 96 Hour, 0.049 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

**Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50, 3 Hour, 7.75 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 209

**Chronic toxicity to fish**

NOEC, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), 34 d, 0.032 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 0.0042 mg/l

**Persistence and degradability****Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% mineralization in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

10-day Window: Pass

**Biodegradation:** 75 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 2.06 mg/mg

**Chemical Oxygen Demand:** 2.02 mg/mg Dichromate

**Biological oxygen demand (BOD)**

Incubation Time	BOD
5 d	0 %
10 d	0 %
20 d	31.6 %

**Photodegradation**

**Test Type:** Half-life (indirect photolysis)

**Sensitization:** OH radicals

**Atmospheric half-life:** 3.4 - 10.4 Hour

**Method:** Estimated.

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

**Biodegradability:**  
**Biodegradation:** 74 %  
**Exposure time:** 28 d  
**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301D

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.  
10-day Window: Pass  
**Biodegradation:** 96 %  
**Exposure time:** 28 d  
**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301E or Equivalent

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 1.95 mg/mg

**Chemical Oxygen Demand:** 1.84 mg/g

**Photodegradation**  
**Test Type:** Half-life (indirect photolysis)  
**Sensitization:** OH radicals  
**Atmospheric half-life:** 7.8 Hour  
**Method:** Estimated.

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**

**Biodegradability:** Material is expected to be readily biodegradable.  
10-day Window: Pass  
**Biodegradation:** > 95.5 %  
**Exposure time:** 28 d  
**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

**Biodegradation:** > 99 %  
**Exposure time:** 7 d  
**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 302A or Equivalent

**Biodegradation:** > 90 %  
**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 303A or Equivalent

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).  
**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 0.006 Measured

**Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).  
**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** Pow: 3.77 - 5.36  
**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 4 Fish Estimated.

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).  
**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 0.37 at 20 °C Measured  
**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** < 2

**Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 33.3 Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) 60 d Measured

### Mobility in soil

#### Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 0.28 Estimated.

#### Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 13 Estimated.

#### Propylene glycol monomethyl ether

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 0.2 - 1.0 Estimated.

#### Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides

No relevant data found.

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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**Disposal methods:** DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device. For additional information, refer to: Handling & Storage Information, MSDS Section 7 Stability & Reactivity Information, MSDS Section 10 Regulatory Information, MSDS Section 15

**Treatment and disposal methods of used packaging:** Empty containers should be recycled or otherwise disposed of by an approved waste management facility. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. Do not re-use containers for any purpose.

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## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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### DOT

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Corrosive liquid, basic, organic, n.o.s.(Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides)
<b>UN number</b>	UN 3267
<b>Class</b>	8
<b>Packing group</b>	II



**Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):**

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.(Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides)
<b>UN number</b>	UN 3267
<b>Class</b>	8
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	No
<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code</b>	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

**Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):**

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Corrosive liquid, basic, organic, n.o.s.(Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides)
<b>UN number</b>	UN 3267
<b>Class</b>	8
<b>Packing group</b>	II

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

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## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

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### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

Skin corrosion or irritation  
 Serious eye damage or eye irritation

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

### Pennsylvania Right To Know

The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

<b>Components</b>	<b>CASRN</b>
Water	7732-18-5
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	34590-94-8

Aspartic Acid, N-(1,2-Dicarboxyethyl)-, Sodium Salt (1:4)	144538-83-0
Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated	68439-45-2
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	107-98-2

**California Prop. 65**

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

**United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)**

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

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**16. OTHER INFORMATION**


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**Hazard Rating System****NFPA**

Health	Flammability	Instability
3	1	0

**HMIS**

Health	Flammability	Physical Hazard
3/	1	0

**Revision**

Identification Number: 4095281 / A001 / Issue Date: 02/18/2020 / Version: 7.0

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

**Legend**

ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Dow IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
OSHA P0	USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000
OSHA Z-1	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
STEL	Short term exposure limit
TWA	Time weighted average

**Full text of other abbreviations**

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -

International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

**Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

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